

THE WORLD OVER

FREAK CALF BORN AT MACLEOD

SUSPENDS ITALIAN GOLD PLAN

VARIETY OF SOCIAL CANDIDATES

HIRAM WALKER DISTILLERY FIRE

ABERNATHY & STEVENS MAY JOIN

MACLEOD, Alta.—A freak calf, bearing a bull-dog face and only one eye was born on the farm of Henry Van Toll, but lived only two days. The animal had a long, strong jaw, with teeth and tongue resembling those of a bull dog. The right eye was complete, but no mark showed where the left eye should have been. Due to deformity of the jaw, mouth and tongue, it was unable to eat.

Remainder of the body was normal, and it was able to walk.

ROME—Italy, increasingly concerned with the mobilizing of an expedition force in East Africa, on Monday decreed the temporary suspension of its 40 per cent gold coverage plan. The government's action was regarded in informed circles here as a measure to enable the Italian government to meet the urgent necessity of purchasing large supplies of raw materials abroad to furnish its army war materials in East Africa.

CALGARY—Twelve farmers, eight teachers, five merchants, four lawyers of whom two are King's Counsel, three ministers, three insurance agents, two doctors, two dentists, two engineers, three railway workers, two clerks, two butchers and two women are included in the list of candidates chosen to contest 25 seats in the provincial election, August 22. The remaining candidates comprise one each of the following occupations: Doctor, secretary, educationist, stock dealer, farm machine agent, chiropractor, merchant and farmer, wholesale oil dealer, agent, druggist, and one whose occupation was not learned.

PEORIA, Ill.—A series of explosions followed by fire on Monday night wrecked three buildings of the Hiram Walker Distillery, causing damage which was estimated at \$2,000,000. The blast touched off flames in Rock House No. 3 of the distilling plant, completed last year at a cost of \$1,000,000. Fuel by alcohol, the flames spread rapidly to an adjoining house and then began to Rock House No. 4. Company officials said the firm maintained a night shift, but no men were believed to have been at work in the burning building.

William Abernethy, Social Credit leader, stated this week that he hoped to meet Hon. H. H. Stevens, the head of the new Reconstruction party, when he visits Calgary, to discuss the possibility of co-operation between the new federal party and the Social Credit party. "All we want," said Mr. Abernethy, "is somebody in sympathy with our progressive movement, so that no unnecessary obstacles would be put in the way of definite action." He added that he did not want interference from Ottawa in any legislation the Social Credit party might introduce, should it be successful at the forthcoming provincial election.

BENNETT APPOINTS SENATORS

The following appointments to the Canadian Senate were announced on Monday by Premier Bennett:

Nova Scotia: Hon. B. N. Rhodes, Minister of Finance; Col. Thomas Chatterly, Pictou, member of the House of Commons for Pictou; Col. P. Quinn, M.P., Halifax, and J. L. Robb, merchant and farmer, Maxwell, Digby County.

Prince Edward Island: Hon. J. A. MacDonald, Canadian, present member of the government of that province, New Brunswick: Hon. George B.

The World Over

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MOST WHEAT CROPS NOW HEADED OUT

Survey of District Shows Phenomenal Growth in Past Two Weeks

SOME GRAIN DOWN

Crops in the entire Carbon district are now practically all headed out with a good stand and plenty of moisture to bring the new grain to maturity under ordinary conditions.

A survey made over the week and shows abundance of moisture in all parts of the district, with wheat in most cases well over three feet in height, and with heads from four to five inches long. If this crop were to mature, (and prospects are excellent) a bumper yield will be the result.

Owing to the heavy rains of the spring and summer, and with lack of warm weather earlier in the season, combined now with the weight of the new forming, many farmers report that their grain is "going down," but they are hopeful that the warmer weather will "vent" the grain back to normal, and thus make the harvest a pleasure.

Plenty of hot weather now would bring the crops to maturity in from three to four weeks in most cases, and thus harvest would not be much later than average years.

KIND OF CLIMATE NEEDED TO GROW SUGAR BEETS

From time to time farmers and gardeners have been inquiring whether sugar beets would grow in the Carbon district. The following information on this subject may be of benefit to those concerned.

From the data collected during the past twenty years by the chemistry division of the Dominion experimental farms, a good general idea of where sugar beets can be grown successfully has been obtained. Of the two main factors, considered, namely, climate and climatic conditions, the latter appears to be the determining factor for both yield and sugar content. A cool wet spring prevents seed germination and a poor start is the result. A hot, dry summer retards growth, giving small roots and a low yield, and a cold fall autumn, with frosts before harvesting, prevents the proper maturing of the beets at a time when sugar formation is taking place. Thus, the ideal seasons conditions are warm spring with good seed germination, a growing season with plenty of rain and a mild, open autumn with considerable sunshine. These conditions vary every year and explain why one district produces good beets of high sugar content one year and beets of poor quality the next. A dark, lumpy soil seems to be the best for sugar beet growing. Beets are very susceptible to soil acidity and liming of the soil is necessary. It is now recommended that for best results plenty of fertilizer must be used and phosphate acid seems to be the most important element.

Jones, Apolauhi, M.P. for Royal, Quebec, present Postmaster General (interior); Hon. Donald M. Rutherford, former M.P. Ingersoll; and Col. Arthur, M.P. Pelly, and Mrs. J. P. Campbell, Pelly, Peterborough, wife of Howard T. Falls, farmer.

Social Credit All Right, But Distribution Wrong States W.H. Ross, Calgary

The Liberal party of Alberta has no complaint to make with the diagnosis of the ailments of the province and the fact that it is under-consumption, and not over-production, and that the issuing of purchasing power to the consumer is necessary, as advocated by Major Douglas and Mr. Abernethy, but they do not agree with the social credit policy of the Social Credit Party. This was the statement made by W.H. Ross, M.L.A., at a meeting in the interests of Andy Shelton, held in the Farmers' Exchange hall, Carbon, last Saturday night.

J. J. Greenan acted as chairman of the meeting and introduced Andy Shelton, the Liberal candidate. Mr. Shelton spoke for a few moments on the reason for his entering the contest this year, stating that he had been a resident of the constituency for thirty years and had achieved some success during his residence here, but now it could be of some benefit to the constituency he would heartily give of his time and energy in return. As Mr. Shelton was to address the people of Carbon and district on Wednesday evening, he would save his remarks until then.

Mr. Greenan then introduced Mr. Arthur of Calgary, a member of the Young Liberal Party. He stated that he was an organization Young Liberal had studied the platforms of all the political parties and considered that the Liberal platform offered the best. The Liberal platform offered the best of the major parties that had been studied the platform of any other party. The speaker urged the young people to take more interest in the welfare of the country and to determine what policies would be in the best interests of Canada, and then line up with one of the major parties that would best advocate their views.

The next speaker of the evening was Mr. C. Clarke, federal candidate for the Liberals in Red Deer riding. Mr. Clarke stated that he had spent 21 years on a hush farm west of Calgary, and during that time he had seen the effects of the tariff on the farmers of Canada and his vote was known to stand for a reduction in the tariff. He stated that he was more on the federal policies, and which he was quite familiar, and urged the electorate to make a full study of the Liberal policies.

LETTERS TO THE EDITOR

The Editor, Carbon Chronicle.

Dear Sir:

Please allow me, as one of the members of the first boys camp at the Calgary Exhibition and Stampede, to say a few words to the young farm people who may be interested.

This 'camp' made possible by the federal and provincial Departments of Agriculture in conjunction with the Calgary Exhibition, gave 52 farm boys between the ages of 14 and 20 a very interesting and educational experience.

The 'camp' was at Mount Royal College, where we received educational address each morning by such men as Mr. Jas. Murray, principal of the Old School of Agriculture, Professor Skellyville, of the University of Alberta, Mr. J.P. Andrew, assistant Deputy Minister of Agriculture, Mr. E.W. Brundsen and Mr. B.J. Whitfield, district agriculturists for Calgary and Carleton Place respectively.

Each afternoon we met at 2:00 p.m. in the administration building on the fair grounds. Here we received brief lectures by Mr. E.L. Richardson, Mr. Brundsen, Mr. Whitfield and others. After leaving here we were free to do as we chose until midnight (the time set for us to turn in) at the College.

This was really exact Wednesday and Thursday of the week. On Wednesday and Thursday we were to be assembled at the Redwood Club rooms at 6:30 p.m. where we were the guests of the Alberta Wheat Pool at a banquet. Before leaving here we were entertained by short interesting addresses on the value of

casting its vote.

The principal speaker on the program was W.H. Ross, M.L.A. of Calgary. Mr. Ross opened his address by stating that he had, before the meeting, taken a trip down the valley to the east and also had noticed the coal mines near by. It was the policy of the Liberal party, he stated, to all in the development of the natural resources such as coal and oil, but in the past opposition in the House had prevented his party from doing anything. He mentioned our coal and other products of Alberta and considered that a better deal should be offered us in order to put these products in the hands of the eastern Canada market.

Mr. Ross dealt with the visit of Major Douglas to the House this year, and the policy of the Social Credit Party. Instead of over-production, and of improper distribution of goods, but also stated that the difference between the cause of the two parties, Liberal and Social Credit, were not the same. Whereas the Social Credit party proposed to give every adult citizen \$15 a month, the Liberal party would suggest that this bonus be extended only to the needy.

Mr. Ross dealt with the protection we now pay to the Eastern manufacturer for his goods, and the resultant high cost of these goods in Western Canada. Whereas Alberta had received the benefit of seven million dollars from the high tariffs, he had paid extra for goods consumed the sum of one twenty-two million dollars. Out of the nine provinces of Canada, only two Ontario and Quebec had received any benefit from the high tariffs.

The speaker closed with the plea for the support of the Liberal platform. He urged the voters to get behind Mr. Andrew Shelton and help put the Liberal platform.

A. B. CLAYPOOL, M.L.A.

Who will have a meeting at Gamble school on Wednesday evening, Aug. 1.

co-operative farming in Canada.

On Thursday morning a street car was chartered to take us to Burnaby park where Mr. Pat Campbell lectured on good beef types, proper practically the entire functioning of the human body, etc. After lunch the plant we were free to do as we chose until 2:00 p.m. when we again assembled at the administration building. After the roll was called we were given brief lectures on the judging of horses, cattle, pigs and sheep. We then proceeded to the place of interest for the remainder of the afternoon. When this was completed we were given reserved seats in the grandstand enclosure for that night.

In addition to these interesting and educational periods we were given passes to the grounds and grandstand for the week. Five passes to the Royal American Shows on the midway, and sample money for the meals we had to buy. What more could we wish for?

Mr. J.P. Andrew said he thought that only members of Boys Farm clubs would be chosen next year. Therefore, if you belong to a farm club, either a Calf Club, Pig Club or Grain Club, be sure to say so in your letter.

CYRIL H. POOLER

EP. FOSTER IS SOCIAL CREDIT CANDIDATE FOR DIBURRY

In selecting the various candidates for the Social Credit party of Alberta, Mr. E.P. Foster had been chosen to contest the Dibs riding.

There were four men nominated for this honor, out of which the leaders were to choose the final candidate. These men were: Messrs. N.H. Pryor, R.P. Kirk and E.P. Foster, Social Credit, A. Sheld, Liberal, and A.S. Gough, Conservative.

This new makes four candidates to contest the Dibs riding. Mr. A. Claypool, I.P.A., E.P. Foster, Social Credit, A. Sheld, Liberal, and A.S. Gough, Conservative.

CANDIDATES ASKED TO DECLARE ROAD POLICY

When the 200 or more candidates in the forthcoming Alberta election go before the people, they will be called upon to answer some pertinent questions concerning their policies as to highway development and increasing of tourist traffic.

A vigorous campaign is being waged by the Alberta Motor Association with a view to bringing this question to a head at this election. This campaign will be carried on in all parts of the province.

A vigorous campaign is being waged by the Alberta Motor Association with a view to bringing this question to a head at this election. This campaign will be carried on in all parts of the province.

Every district members of the A.M.A. and their friends are being urged to put clear questions before the candidates, so that those who are prepared to state their policies may do so at this time.

This is a vital election in the history of Alberta. This also is a vital election in the history of the highway development and tourist industry of this province. That makes it one of the more necessary that those who are to occupy the seats of government should make their policies known.

More permanent highways is the crying need of Alberta. In this respect, it is the province that has been held back by the productive tourist trade that gives such a necessary impetus to business. As it is now, many roads are so rough that the heavy loads of this attractive province, not find their way barred by highways over which traffic cannot pass at times, or roads that are far from being smooth.

The Motor Association is emphasizing the fact that good roads bring in a lucrative tourist trade, all of which means more dollars in the farmers' pockets. It is a cash business, far more profitable than what growing stock raising or any of the other primary activities of this country.

In view of these facts, the Motor Association is asking the candidate to "lay their cards on the table" on this question. It feels that this is no time for any hesitating. Either a candidate believes in permanent highways and the building up of a profitable tourist trade in a country whose scenic beauty is one of its chief assets, or he does not. There can be no side-stepping the issue.

In a campaign that is bound to be beset by so much conflict with conflicting issues, it would be a refreshing feature to have members elected who were pledged without regard to party affiliations to a highway and tourist development policy.

WHEAT PURCHASING PRICE MUST BE KEPT DOWN

It has often been shown with truth, that the price of wheat is a comparatively small item in the final cost of the loaf of bread. The major part of the cost of the bread consists in the wages paid for milling, and par-

SUCCESSFUL SPORTS HELD AT HESKETH

The sports day held at Hesketh on Wednesday last, July 17th, proved to be a popular affair and many outsiders were on hand to take in the event. The program opened in the morning with the commencement of softball games, with teams from Swallowell, Grand Forks, Carbon and Hesketh taking part. Children's sports of all kinds were on the program, with many contestants taking part. There was a jump on the program at various times throughout the day, but with the community ball and a tent, on the grounds visitors did not have far to go to seek shelter.

In the boys' softball tournament, the Hesketh team won from Grand Forks 7-6; Carbon won from Swallowell 11-5, and in the final game Carbon won from Hesketh 2-1.

In the men's softball tournament, Carbon won from Grand Forks 16-1; Grand Forks won from Hesketh 15-2, and in the final game Carbon won from Carbon 11-1.

In the girls' tournament Grand Forks received a bye; Carbon won from Hesketh 15-4; and in the final game Carbon won from Carbon 15-3.

In the evening Joe Byrne's orchestra provided good music for a monster dance, and the crowd equalled the occasion.

Hesketh's sports was a financial success and those in charge are to be congratulated on their undertaking. This is the first sports day that has been held in Hesketh for years and we understand that the folk from that district plan to make the event an annual affair.

Especially for baking, retailing and distributing, says an article prepared by the Grain Growers' Association, and it continues:

"In Canada wheat accounts for about 30 per cent of the final price of the loaf, which is on the average about 6c per pound.

In Great Britain wheat accounts for about 30 per cent of the price of the loaf, which on the average is 2.7c per pound.

Because of all this, some have jumped to the conclusion that, because wheat is only a small part of the total cost of the loaf that millers and bakers are not really interested in the price of wheat at all and that 13 or 20c a bushel for wheat practically makes no difference to them.

The reasoning of course is quite fallacious—the truth being that the millers, just the same as merchants or farmers, in order to survive are obliged to attempt to purchase the supplies and products they use as cheaply as possible. While 20c a bushel may have but 'very little effect on the final price of bread, it does have a big impact on the total amount of money that would have to leave an importing country in payment for the wheat they buy.

For instance, Great Britain imports approximately 200 million bushels of wheat per annum; 20c per bushel would mean 40 million dollars, which is a vast sum. In order to be able to pay this extra sum the people of Britain would have to find a market for their own goods, commodities and services. This is the real reason why bakers and millers are so anxious to strive to make as good a bargain as they can in their purchases.

Another reason, because of a feature of human nature, possessed by us all, that we are not inclined to pay for one shop for an article, if we can purchase the same article of the same quality, at another shop for less money.

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BINDER CANVAS SLATS, each	10c
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BINDER CANVAS STAPLES, per package	10c
20c MESH NOSE NETS, each	20c
COARSE MESH NOSE NETS, each	25c

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HOW TO MAKE ICED TEA

Infuse six heaping teaspoons of Salada Black Tea in a pint of fresh boiling water. After six minutes strain liquid into two-quart cooler. While hot, add 1½ cups of sweetened sage and the liquid will settle. Stir and serve. Or, if you prefer, dissolve 1½ cups of sugar in the liquid. Do not allow tea to cool before adding the cold water; otherwise liquid will become cloudy. Serve with chopped ice.

ICE TEA

Short Life-Stories

Now and then the writer who is responsible for this column each week feels impelled, instead of writing an article himself, to pass on something he has read which may prove helpful and encouraging to others. This is one of those times when two or three short stories from real life seem to call for repeating.

There has been a lot of talk, the last few years, about how the worker is exploited under capitalism. Not much has been said about the other side of the picture. Let us tell then of a man, a small manufacturer, who, when the crash came, employed twenty people. His business has shrunk during the depression, but only twenty are still on his payroll. What is more, he is still paying them the same wages. He has done this by ruthless cutting of his own expense, and by dipping into his own capital. He has carried the people who work for him as a personal responsibility. He doesn't like to talk about it. When questioned, he merely shrugs his shoulders and insists that he has done nothing extraordinary. "It's like horses," he says. "When you come in after a hard ride, you see that your mount is fed and watered, don't you? I can't do less for the people who work for me. I can't sleep when I know they aren't sleeping well. That's all there is to it." Such men do more toward making this a better world than a thousand laws, enforced by a million policemen. The Golden Rule is the one code that seems to work.

Real life beats anything the fiction writer can invent. Take the case of another man who used to be branch manager for a big concern. He had an impressive suite of offices, a large number of people working under him. He belonged to the best clubs, drove a big car, and lived well. As the years passed, he grew to take his position for granted. He began to pay more attention to outside interests, and his duties suffered. Finally, he lost his job. He still took things easily. The home office was troubled. His line, increasingly broad, seemed to have no effect on him. Finally it was decided that he must be discharged. But the boss, remembering his long years of service, intervened, and, in compromise, he was recalled to the home office. There he was given a desk among the city salesmen. It must have been a hard dose for him to swallow, but if he felt humiliated, he did not show it. He never referred to his former grandeur as a branch manager. Always smiling, he was down earlier than any of the cubs; and stayed later. He took what leads were given to him—most of them considered too hopeless for a good man to bother with—and did his best. It was soon forgotten that he had been demoted. He was accepted as just another salesman. No one paid much attention to him. The younger men rather smiled at the lack of zeal of "old" Blank, as they called him. When not on the street, he was always telephoning somebody, or busily thumbing over his prospect file. In the front office, however, a strange thing was noted. Blank's sales began to climb. Customers—big ones—appeared out of the blue, insisting that they must deal with Mr. Blank. The other day, Blank was made General Sales Manager.

It is doubtful if there is any better cure for the weariness of spirit which comes from endless discussion of economics or disputation over such things as politics, than an hour or two with a microscope. For a trifling sum of money, one gains admission to a world full of new and fascinating things. In a single drop of water, scooped from the nearest ditch, there is literally endless entertainment. After a time in this world, with its countless dramas and life-and-death struggles between incredible creatures, the real world seems curiously remote and unreal. One returns to it refreshed, and with a newer point of view. There is no man who can look at the world in disaster. He saw nothing about, and as he stood one night in the bow of the ship which was taking him back to the wreckage of his career, he resolved to throw himself into the dark waves. But he happened to glance up to the black sky with its twinkling stars; and suddenly his own life, happy or otherwise, seemed oddly unimportant. He returned to his problems, solved many of them, built a new and successful career upon the ruins of the failure—and, incidentally, became famous as an astronomer.

This is the time of year when young men, just out of school and college, are trying to find their future. Many ways to friends, asking advice. The advice given by one such friend to a young man was as follows: "All I can answer is that if I were just starting out to hunt a career, I'd look for it as far away from the big cities as I possibly could. There is more glamour in city life—perhaps more of what is called 'success'." The money-making possibilities are greater. But from what I have been able to observe in my journey through this vale of tears, the small-town man gets the most fun out of life. He may earn less, in dollars, than his city cousin does; but his living costs less, and he has more time in which to enjoy the dollars he has. If I had my life to live over, I think I'd start out by heading for a small community, and dig in there. Every now and then I'd visit a big city just to remind myself how smart I'd never been to become a small-town fellow.

Expedition To Greenland

British Scientists To Spend Three Months In Arctic

Under the leadership of L. J. Wager, 14 members of the British East Greenland expedition left Aberdeen, Scotland, recently in Sir Ernest Shackleton's expedition ship, *The Quest*.

They planned to spend three months in the Arctic, engaged in scientific work and will explore the great mountains which have never before been visited.

The quest is manned by a crew of Norwegians. Four members of the expedition were accompanied by their wives.

Nazi Newspapers Banned

Switzerland has banned the sale of all German newspapers in this country and suppressed the Nazi organ published in Zurich. The action of the federal council closely follows a similar move by Germany against Swiss newspapers.

Five thousand violets are picked daily in a nursery at Henfield, England, during the spring.

The Hat Went Home

Story From Liverpool Could Be Used By Ripley

An astonishing hat trick was performed by a 77-year-old man, John Meredydd, a Belington (Berkshire) man, who bought a new hat at a hatters' shop, put it on his head, and carried his old hat in a paper bag. When he reached Belington Station the wind lifted his new hat, and he carried his old hat in a paper bag. He had dropped in his kitchen lately. It had dropped in his kitchen lately.

Reasons For Sahara Desert

Because of the rapid increase in traffic in the Sahara Desert, British officials are studying every six miles along the route of the trans-Saharan route for motor vehicles and airplanes. They will map the route closely by day. Desert lighthouses are planned for night flying.

The sun's estimated surface temperature is about 12,000 degrees Fahrenheit.

To Promote Highway Safety

Ontario To Cope With Rising Tide Of Automobile Accidents

To cope with the rising tide of deaths from automobile accidents in Ontario, Hon. T. H. McQueen, minister of highways and acting attorney-general, announced 12 constables had been added to the provincial police force, most of them detailed to the highway traffic patrol.

Provision for additional traffic police marked the latest step in Mr. McQueen's campaign to promote highway safety. Possession of a driver's license has been made the basis for enforcing the traffic laws, said the minister, and he listed two other features of his safety campaign—police inspection of motor vehicles and equipment and an advertising campaign.

Departmental records showed 202 persons had been killed in automobile accidents during the first six months of this year, compared with 164 in the corresponding period of 1934. The June death toll was 44, an increase of 12 above the May total.

"A small fine does not quite meet the situation," said Mr. McQueen. "We will get more attention to the law if we exercise freely the cancellation of the driver's license for a term."

Giant Air Cruiser

United States Army Air Corps To Test Out Machine

A giant "flying battle cruiser," claimed the fastest and also the largest bombing plane ever built, will be tested soon by the United States army air corps at Wright Field, Dayton, Ohio.

Specifications demanded by the air corps included: A speed of 200 to 250 miles an hour at 10,000 feet altitude, an operating speed of from 170 to 220 miles an hour at the same altitude, endurance at operating speed of from 6 to 10 hours, and a speed ceiling of from 20,000 to 25,000 feet.

The aerial battle cruiser has a wing span of approximately 100 feet, length of 70 feet, height of 15 feet, and gross weight of about 15 tons.

Just a Coincidence

Science Of Deduction Came As A Shock To Bus Conductor

A remarkable experience befell Col. Foley when he was traveling along a road street in a bus and heard the conductor telling a passenger the names of the shops that originally stood on the site of a large store. Surmising that the man's breath probably delivered them there Col. Foley asked him: "How long ago were you a postman?"

"How did you know I was a postman?" the conductor retorted.

"Quite simple, my dear Watson," said the conductor.

The man who had evidently not read his "Sherlock Holmes," nearly let the bus go. His name actually was Watson.

New C.P.R. Liner

New Sister Ship For Empress Of Britain Is Projected

Sir Edward Beatty, president of the Canadian Pacific Railway Company, said before sailing to Canada from Southampton recently a sister ship for the Empress of Britain would be built.

"We shall need a new liner of the same type as the Empress of Britain," Sir Edward said, "to give a balanced service."

He added that an order would be placed two years before withdrawal from service of the Empress of Britain, and the question of replacing that liner would come up within the next five years.

Substitute For Wood

A process to turn milk into the wood of a tree has been developed by the U. S. Forest Service. The method of growing plants from milk is claimed to have been found by Tobei Sakamoto, 38, inventor. He has produced a fibre identical to possess the strength, texture and strength of good grade wood. Use of the process would also raise the price of raw silk, a condition which is largely responsible for the depression in the agricultural communities.

Little Wheat On Royal Estate

The Sandringham estate of His Majesty King George contains about 2,500 acres. The method of cropping is very much in accordance with that common in the district. A considerable area is given to wheat, and also a considerable acreage of turnips and mangos; but comparatively little wheat. In recent years the best and the most successful have been tried with success.

An Amusing Incident

Guide In Westminster Hall Embarrassed By Tossing Paper

Presentation of loyal addresses of parliament to the King in Westminster Hall during recent jubilee celebrations has recalled an amusing incident in the same historic chamber when a party of Scottish fishermen were touring London.

The girls from the north were being taken through the building by a police officer who pointed to the plate indicating where Sir William Wallace, national hero of Scotland, was in 1305 tried and condemned to death for treason against the English to whom he declared he owed no allegiance.

Immediately the Scottish women, with much power and expression, broke out in the well-known ballad "Scots Wha Hae Wi' Wallace Bled." This was a most improper proceeding, of course, and the women's escort was in a dilemma. His sympathies were with the women but his duty dictated either the suppression of the singing or the expulsion of the singers.

Without saying a word, the escort walked quietly away to the door and a superior officer for instructions how to act in the matter. After some searching he found his officer and returned to the spot. As he had expected and wished, the singing was over and the constables gone, leaving no trace. The officer did not mention the incident, the account of which has leaked out since the jubilee celebrations.

Find Indian Relics

Remains Of Two Indians Unearthed In Saskatchewan

One of the most interesting finds of the season, in Saskatchewan, is that of Professor Vigfusson, at old Pinkus crossing near Rocan, who has found the remains of two Indians in shallow graves. These have been carefully lifted and sent to the highest museum at the University of Saskatchewan.

One of the graves yielded only a few bones, some charred birch bark, and a few charred sticks. The other contained a complete skeleton of some Indian woman, in excellent state of preservation.

The body had been placed on its side, facing west, and was just two feet below the surface of the ground. Thousands of colored beads of different shapes and sizes were found in the two graves, as also a piece of flint and the rusted remains of what had been a hunting knife. There were also the bones of two small animals, possibly a squirrel and a mink, placed beside the body, as provisions on the long journey to the happy hunting grounds.

Professor Vigfusson has spent considerable time in the district gathering up historical data.—Regina Leader.

Keep Method Secret

Chinese Have Mysterious Way Of Hiding An Autopsy

An ancient Chinese method of autopsy, known only to a closed group of practitioners, whose knowledge is handed down by word of mouth from generation to generation, has resulted in the release of the two sons of Chia Tse-huan, who died 18 months ago.

On the basis of these findings of the method, known as "steam bones," the two sons have been freed of the suspicion of having murdered their father.

The body was exhumed and two "steam bones" experts attached to the Examination Department of the Chinese court were asked to perform an autopsy.

With the aid of yellow Chinese wine, some millet, a dash of vinegar, Chinese herbs and an unbroken egg, experts were ready to announce the result of their investigation.

After the autopsy was completed, however, it is clear that he hanged himself, and was not hanged by his sons or by any other person.

New Source Of Wealth

New Method Found For Extracting Gold From Sea Water

Recovery of gold from the seas, 10,000,000,000 tons of it is available, seven seas, appeared less of a dream with announcement in the publication "Science," that Professor Colin G. Fife, of the Columbia University department of electrochemistry, had succeeded in recovering small amounts of the yellow metal from salt water.

Five thousand needy school children in Johannesburg, South Africa, are being fed by the city.



"GUID ECONOMY"

LARGE PLUG \$2

Thrifty men will tell you, That "Dixie" cuts expense, The Plug that lasts much longer, And costs but twenty cents.

PLUG SMOKING TOBACCO

FASHION FANCIES



524

DARLING ONE-PIECE DRESS—REMOVABLE CAPE THAT BUTTONS TO FRONT OF DRESS

By Ellen Worth

Here's a darling little dress—and an unbelievably simple to sew. Well, it could almost be run up before breakfast.

Two ways to make! Smart either way—with or without the removable cape collar.

For playtime you'll probably choose from the very practical cottons as trim: crêpe prints, percale prints, broadcloths, gingham, etc., and with contrasting bias binds.

For daintier wear, it is just as pretty as can be of crêpe collars as trim: crêpe prints, percale prints, broadcloths, gingham, etc., and with contrasting bias binds.

Style No. 524 is designed for sizes 2, 4 and 6 years. Size 4 requires 2 yards of 36-inch material with 1½ yards of 1-inch ribbon for dress with collar and 1½ yards of 36-inch material for dress without collar.

Patterns like each. Address mail orders to: Pattern Department, Winnipeg Newspaper Union, 175 McDermott Ave. E., Winnipeg.

Summer Fashion Book contains many more smart, cool vacation dresses. Send for your copy to-day, the price is 15 cents.

The Caranaga Hedge

There are several species of the Caranaga plant in Western Canada, but the one most commonly found is the Caranaga, which is very widely in the variety introduced from Siberia. The Caranaga is so hardy and vigorous, and adapts itself to such varied conditions of soil, that it must be considered a most valuable plant for field or garden shelter purposes.

The magnetic poles are the points on the earth's surface where the lines of magnetic force are vertical. They are the ends of the axis of the earth's magnetic polarity.

For Prison Reform

Borstal System Is Recommended For Canada

After studying in detail application and operation of the Borstal system in six English prisons, General D. M. Ormond, superintendent of Canadian penitentiaries, has reported to the Dominion government his opinion that similar training and treatment of youthful offenders can be brought to be put into effect in Canada.

Hon. Hugh Guthrie, minister of justice, tabled General Ormond's report in the House of Commons and declared the system may be made effective in Canada within 60 days.

No legislation and no extra money would be necessary but there would be some staff additions and extra buildings needed.

The Borstal system, forecast for Canada in the speech from the throne at parliament's opening in January, "is a combination of mental, moral, physical and industrial training of a strenuous kind," for convicts under the age of 21 years.

Selected penitentiaries inmates under the age of 21 would be housed separately and made the subject of this training with a view to correcting criminal instincts and preparing the youth for more useful effort on discharge.

New Type Radio Sets

France Is Installing Penny-In-The-Slot Machines

Penny-in-the-slot radio sets for the home have been introduced in France. Instead of buying a set, it is possible to have installed free a high-powered set with a small slot machine attached. On putting a franc into the slot 40 minutes' radio programme is assured. This may be either at a stretch or in several short programmes until the 40 minutes are exhausted. A maximum of ten francs may be put in at a time, thus ensuring nearly seven hours of music.

First Jap Car In Rand

The first Japanese automobile to arrive in the Rand of South Africa has created much interest. It is a little two-seater, driven by a four-cylinder power unit, and has three forward and a reverse gear. It is claimed to travel 50 miles on a gallon of gasoline, and is equipped with a rubber ball horn which honks Japanese effectively.

HEALTH MEANS CHARM AND HAPPINESS

Sparkling eyes, healthy skin, and a smile speak of health and happiness. The healthiest and happiest people are those who are in the best of health.

Perhaps you are not really fit when the day's work is done you are too tired to enjoy the good times that other women enjoy. For extra energy, try the healthiest and happiest people are those who are in the best of health.

Compound. It gives you your general health. Gives you more pep—more charm.

Remember that 99 out of 100 women report that they help you too.

RED BUS LINES

CARBON, CALGARY, DRUMHELLER
PASSENGERS AND FREIGHTS

RIDE IN COMFORT

OUR BUSES provide modern and convenient transportation at all times. Passengers are assured of comfort and safety in modern equipment and careful drivers.

When planning your next trip, ask the Red Bus Lines Agent for full particulars and fares. Tickets sold to all parts of Canada and the United States.

W. Poxon & Son
HEAD OFFICE: CARBON, ALTA.RIDE THE RED LINES
AT LOWER FARES

THEATRE

THURSDAY, JULY 25

DANCING LADY

THURSDAY, AUGUST 1st

SPITFIRE

S. N. WRIGHT
LICENSED AUCTIONEER

S. F. TORRANCE, Clerk. PHONE: 9

FOR SATISFACTORY
DRAYING
AND REASONABLE
PRICES, PHONE
JAS. SMITH
AT 44WINTER BROTHERS'
FUNERAL HOME

Next to Town Hall, Drumheller

Have a branch in Carbon with store in charge of Mr. Gittman, of the Carbon Trading Company.

Ambulance Service Day and Night

'A modern service at a moderate price'

CHRIST CHURCH, CARBON

Services will be held as follows:

1st and 3rd Sundays in month: 11 a.m.

2nd and 4th Sundays in month: 7:30 a.m.

6th Sunday in month by arrangement.

REV. S. EVANOR, in charge

TOWN & COUNTY

Personographs

Mr. and Mrs. Burnett and daughter, Miss V. Burnett, of Lanning, Mich., arrived last Wednesday and are visiting with Mr. and Mrs. W. Lettich.

Dr. and Mrs. G. L. McParlane spent a few days at Banff last week.

Mrs. Wacker and Mrs. Gore of Swallow were Carbon visitors Friday last.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred Bessant returned on Friday from Banff, where they spent a few days holiday.

Mr. and Mrs. H.C. Wilson and family were Drumheller visitors last Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. Clayton Hay and son, Billy, and Mother Gordon Hay left on Sunday for Bruclet.

Mrs. Cyril Coghlan has returned to Carbon after spending the past week in Calgary.

Mr. and Mrs. T. H. Ritchie returned to Carbon last week after spending the past fortnight with relatives at Banff.

Mr. and Mrs. H. C. Wilson and family were visitors to Sylvan Lake on Sunday.

A. B. Claypool, U.F.A. candidate for alderman was in Carbon on Tuesday and stated that he would hold a public meeting at Gamble School house on Wednesday next.

The Anglican Church in Carbon has a new picket fence separating it from the street. The church has recently been painted and the improvement is quite noticeable.

Mr. and Mrs. W. Poxon spent Monday and Tuesday in Calgary.

Jim Steeves, local R.C.M.P. officer returned to Carbon last week after a three weeks absence, during which time he was on duty in Calgary.

John Earle of Arma has been appointed Returning Officer for Divisional Constituency in the provincial election.

Geo. Appleyard and Rose Thorburn left last Saturday for Jasper and will spend a few days visiting with Mr. and Mrs. Harry Thorburn at Evansburg, Alberta.

CLASSIFIED

FOR SALE—Baby Go-Cart. Apply at Chronicle Office for further particulars.

POINTS—Ladies' parson. Owner may have same by proving claim and paying for this advertisement at the Chronicle office.

Mr. Stott of Arma was a Carbon visitor last Thursday.

A Ford V-8 delivery model was damaged to the extent of a bent axle, bent radius rods, and crumpled fender, when it ran into the rear end of an Oldsmobile coupe driven by W. J. Smith on the main highway two miles north of Oliver. Smith's car was damaged only to the extent of a bent rear bumper. Drivers and passengers escaped without injury—Oliver News.

Sofball games were played at the Grand Forks grounds on Sunday and in the men's games, Carbon won from Grand Forks 5-4; Carbon won from Heskeith 15-10. In the Ladies game Carbon won from Heskeith 13-5.

At Carbon Saturday night, Carbon girls won from the Grand Forks team 19-7, while on Sunday night in the men's division Carbon won from Grand Forks 3-2.

Chas. Malcolm of Shewan, Montana, one time manager of a lumber yard in Carbon, and who had not visited the district for 18 years, was a visitor in the Carbon district last week. Mr. Malcolm is now manager of a lumber business in Shewan.

Skies are again cloudy as we go to press on Wednesday, but fine summer weather has been the order for the most few days.

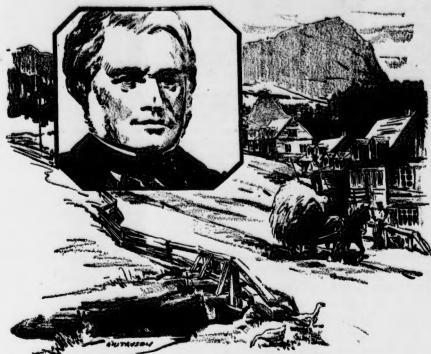
Mr. and Mrs. E.J. Rouleau and family, Mr. and Mrs. W. Poxon and Miss Louise Riley spent Sunday at Pine Lake. The day was warm and the lake resort was crowded for the day.

A number of citizens are complaining that children are pulling their carrots and destroying their carrots and other palatable vegetables. It seems a pity that after having a garden along this far to have it ruined by the youth of town and parents would be well advised to curb the habit before it develops a more serious aspect.

John Atkinson, prominent farmer just north of town, is busy with the Miller and to go past his farm brings the thought of harvest, when one sees the rows of stocks. The crop, however, is not grain, but sweet chow, and is an excellent one.

Should ideal weather conditions prevail it is possible for a second crop to be harvested on the Atkinson farm, and in any case there will be plenty of food.

An error was made in these columns two weeks ago when it was stated that Texaco Oil had bought the oil Imperial Lumber office from J.H. Oilphont, and were putting up a service station to be operated by S.N. Wright and Sydney. This building has since been demolished and now it looks on the lots and in a few weeks will be ready for operation. Mr. Wright and Sydney will handle the Imperial Oil.



TO DEVELOP A NATION'S RESOURCES

In 1842, following the union of Upper and Lower Canada, when the Bank opened a branch at Toronto to succeed the agency there, and established offices in nine other cities of Upper Canada, the Honorable Peter McGill, then president of the Bank, explained why the directors had entered upon a policy of establishing branches or agencies in the then western provinces:

"The Legislature having conferred on the Bank important privileges, and authorized the creation and employment of a large capital, the Board, instead of concentrating it all in the large cities, felt it to be their duty gradually to extend:

throughout the province the benefits derivable from the use of it by the establishment of branches and agencies at such points and in such localities as appeared to them best calculated to encourage and unite the agriculture and commerce of the country, to develop its resources, and to promote the increase of its exportable productions."

Even before the union of Upper and Lower Canada, the Bank sought constantly to encourage those factors in trade which would contribute effectively to the up-building of the country—a purpose which is as strong today as ever.

BANK OF MONTREAL

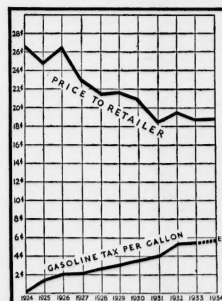
ESTABLISHED 1817

HEAD OFFICE: MONTREAL

MODERN, EFFICIENT BANKING SERVICE... the Outcome of 117 Years' Successful Operation

Carbon Branch: C. L. MacGREGOR, Manager

YOU BUY ROADS, TOO!



The accompanying chart shows how the price of gasoline to the retailer has decreased and the gasoline tax has increased since 1924. In 1924 the average price to the retailer of all gasoline sold in Canada was 26.6 cents per gallon. Since 1924, the price has fallen almost continuously until in 1933 and 1934 it stood at the unprecedented low of 18.8 cents—a decrease of 29 per cent. But as the price of gasoline fell, the tax on gasoline rose. The data for this graph are based on figures published by the Dominion Bureau of Statistics.

WHEN you buy gasoline, you also buy roads over which to drive your car.

Approximately one-fifth to one-third of the price you pay goes directly to your Provincial Government in road tax.

Twelve years ago there was no gasoline tax. Today the tax ranges from six to eight cents per gallon. And yet the cost of gasoline to you is no more because during those twelve years the price of gasoline has been steadily reduced.

Imperial Oil played a leading part in the developments that made lower prices possible. But lower prices were not achieved at the expense of labor. Imperial Oil employees have always been well paid. They work under ideal conditions. They have sickness and death benefits and pensions plans to protect them and their dependents. Five thousand of them are part owners of the Company. They are given every incentive to work efficiently and happily. The result has been better gasoline at lower and lower prices.

IMPERIAL OIL LIMITED

THE SIGN OF **IMPERIAL** A FAIR DEAL
DEALER

NOW!

**THE WEST'S
FINEST FAMILY
BEVERAGE in the
NEW ECONOMY
SIZE BOTTLE**

**CALGARY
DRY
GINGER ALE**

Calgary Dry Ginger Ale

**A DRINK MADE FROM PURE
CALGARY BREWING
AND MALTING
COMPANY LIMITED**